For an unmarried person, total income including the allowance may not exceed \$1,140 a year. For a married couple the limit is \$1,980 a year except that if the spouse is blind within the meaning of the Blind Persons Act, income of the couple may not exceed \$2,340 a year. Allowances are not paid to a person receiving an allowance under the Blind Persons Act or the War Veterans Allowance Act, assistance under the Old Age Assistance Act, a pension under the Old Age Security Act, or a mother's allowance.

The allowance is not payable to a patient in a mental institution or tuberculosis sanatorium. A recipient who is resident in a nursing home, an infirmary, a home for the aged, an institution for the care of incurables, or a private, charitable or public institution is eligible for the allowance only if the major part of the cost of his accommodation is being paid by himself or another individual. When a recipient is required to enter a public or private hospital, the allowance may be paid for no more than two months of hospitalization in a calendar year, excluding months of admission and release, but for the period that a recipient is in hospital for therapeutic treatment for his disability or rehabilitation, the allowance may continue to be paid.

As in previous years, disabilities in the two medical classes—mental, psychoneurotic and personality disorders, and diseases of the nervous system and sense organs—were found to be the most prevalent among the persons becoming eligible for allowance in the year ended Mar. 31, 1962; diseases of the circulatory system was the third largest class. Mental deficiency, the most frequently occurring disability, accounted for over one quarter of all cases granted an allowance.

Recipients of disability allowances who are in need may receive supplementary aid under general assistance programs in the province. Where the amount of aid is determined through an individual assessment of need, which takes the recipient's requirements and resources into consideration, the Federal Government may share in it under the Unemployment Assistance Act.

6.—Statistics of Allowances for Disabled Persons, by Province, Year Ended Mar. 31, 1962 with Totals for 1958-62

Note.—Provincial figures for each year from the inception of the Act to 1961 are given in the corresponding table of previous Year Books beginning with the 1956 edition.

Province or Territory	Recipients in Month of March	Average Amount of Monthly Allowance	P.C. of Recipients to Population Age 20–69	Federal Government Contribution during Year
	No.	\$		\$
Newfoundland Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon Territory Northwest Territories	22,528 13,762 1,447 1,502	54.511 64.442 64.022 64.542 54.092 63.472 64.042 54.332 53.222 54.021 55.002 55.003	0.616 1.529 0.737 0.692 0.806 0.394 0.290 0.315 0.246 0.239 0.060 0.157	413,676 258,995 908,644 668,392 7,460,933 4,503,239 477,943 489,505 558,533 685,428 1,760 6,563
Canada	50,029 50,650 49,889 48,040 41,840	58.074 53.80 53.86 53.84 53.88	0.509 0.522 0.529 0.508 0.450	16,433,611 16,385,820 16,050,514 15,330,368 11,091,661

The increase in the maximum rate of allowance from \$55 to \$65 a month was effective in these provinces from Apr. 1, 1962.

The effective date for the increase from \$55 to \$65 a month in the maximum rate of allowance was Feb. 1, 1962 in these jurisdictions but not all of them had made the adjustments by Mar. 31, 1962.

The effective date of the increase from \$55 to \$65 a month in the maximum rate of allowance was July 1, 1962.

The average monthly allowance was \$64.04 for June 1962, the first month for which an average based on the maximum of \$65 a month was computed.

Excluding Yukon Territory.